

# Kinetic and Mechanistic Study of Methanol Oxidation on the Carbon Supported Pt and Pt/Ru Catalysts

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The methanol oxidation reaction on carbon supported Pt and Pt/Ru catalysts covered by Nafion film at a glassy carbon rotating disc electrode has been studied. The catalyst was prepared according to the procedure proposed by Schmidt et al [1]. The electrode was immersed under potentiostatic control in nitrogen purged electrolyte (0.5 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, Merck p.a.). The base voltammograms of Pt and Pt/Ru supported electrodes (15 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> of metals), shown in Figs 1 and 2 were recorded after cycling several times between 0.05-1.4 (1.1) V vs. RHE in order to produce the clean surface and to check the quality of catalysts. Analyzing the hydrogen oxidation reaction in H<sub>2</sub> saturated electrolyte it has been concluded that mass transport limitations imposed by the Nafion film was negligible. After H<sub>2</sub> was purged from the electrolyte, the different concentration of methanol (0.1-0.5 M), by injection in the electrolyte, was prepared. The electrode was held at 0.05 V vs RHE for 3 min before the anodic slow sweep (1 mV/s) polarization measurement was performed. Tafel plot for methanol oxidation reaction is shown on Fig. 3. The mass specific activity (mA/mg) was obtained by procedure given in [1]. One can see that Pt/Ru catalyst is better catalyst for methanol oxidation up to the 650 mV vs RHE, even at the room temperature. It should be mentioned that Tafel slope of 120 mV/dec for Pt supported electrode was the same for a single crystal Pt(111) surface in acid and alkaline solutions [2, 3]. For Pt(111) was suggested that the chemical reaction between the methanol adsorbed radical, produced by dehydrogenation of methanol, and Pt-OHads species, generated by water discharge, could be the rate determining step [3]. From the determined kinetics parameter (Tafel slopes, methanol reaction order, etc.) and effect of temperature the mechanism of methanol oxidation reaction on Pt and Pt/Ru supported catalyst has been discussed.

## References

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